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1	STATE OF WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURT RACINE COUNTY
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5	Memorial Tributes To:
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7	LOUIS F. GERARD, ESQ.
8	DEXTER D. BLACK, ESQ.
9	HONORABLE THOMAS P. CORBETT
10	HONORABLE FRANCIS H. WENDT
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15	TRANSCRIPT OF MEMORIAL SERVICE
16	Record made in the above-entitled matter before
17	the HONORABLE STEPHEN A. SIMANEK, March 22, 1996,
18	commencing at 11:15 a.m.
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22	Robin G. Harmsen, RPR
23 24	Official Court Reporter
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JUDGE SIMANEK: I wish to welcome you here on 1 2 behalf of all of the circuit judges for Racine County. I am Judge Simanek, Chief Judge for this District. 3 Also present are judges for Racine County, 4 Judge Nancy Wheeler, Judge Wayne Marik, Judge Allan 5 Torhorst, Judge Richard Kreul, Judge Dennis Flynn, Judge 6 7 Emily Mueller, and retired judge, Judge Harvey. Other judges are not able to be here at this 8 time. Judge Ptacek is on his way over. He's involved in 9 some hearings right now. Judge Barry is unable to be 10 here because of an illness of his father, and Judge 11 Vuyunas is unable to be here because his house burned 12 earlier this week. 13 We are ready to proceed in this memorial 14 15 tribute to our comrades Louis Gerard, Dexter Black, Judge 16 Thomas Corbett, and Judge Francis Wendt. Mr. Muratore, President of the Bar Association, 17 the floor's yours. 18 19 MR. MURATORE: Thank you, Your Honor. 20 It's our purpose today to pay tribute to four 21 deceased lawyers from Racine County whose practice here and, among other things, were engaged in public service 22 in one capacity or another. 23 One of them was a supervisor of the county 24 board, a corporation counsel. Another one was a district 25

attorney for Racine County in addition to being in 1 private practice. And two of the others we are paying 2 3 tribute here today were judges here in Racine County, Wisconsin. 4 All of them made a substantial difference in 5 the community and made it a better place, and we want to 6 7 pay tribute to them for the good that they have done. The presentations will be made orally and have 8 been reduced to writing, and at the conclusion we will 9 10 ask the Court to make those written records a part of the Court's permanent records for use or for inspection by 11 12 the general public. I would like to begin now by introducing to you 13 Keith Gerard and William Gerard, who will do the specific 14 15 tribute for their father, Louis Gerard. MR. KEITH GERARD: On behalf of the Gerards, 16 17 thank you. I would like to thank you, Mr. Muratore, and 18 Racine County Bar Association and also Mr. Drummond and 19 the members of that association for the opportunity to 20 remember our father. Dr. Gerard will be first. 21 22 DR. WILLIAM GERARD: Good morning. My name is Bill Gerard. 23 24 Louis Gerard, and Lou, as all of his friends called him, is my dad. I also appreciate the opportunity 25

to celebrate his life with you today.

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Louis Gerard was born in Peru, Illinois, in
1917. His mother and father were European immigrants.
They met with many hardships together during those early
years. His dad was a coal miner; his mom was a nurse.

And when he was about ten years of age, the family moved to West Allis, Wisconsin, where they lived for the rest of their lives. He attended school there and eventually went on to college in Madison, graduating from the University of Wisconsin with a degree in engineering.

My brother Keith and I are both University of Wisconsin graduates. We know that he was very proud of that fact.

At the start of World War II Dad tried to enter the military, was rejected because of poor vision. What he lacked in vision, he certainly made up for in insight.

During the war Dad worked at Allis Chalmers as an engineer, and he also met our mom there and married her.

His second and lesser accomplishment there while working at Allis Chalmers was his work on the Manhattan Project, which was development of the first atomic bomb. He felt that destiny kept him out of the

military so he could work on a more important assignment.

Dad worked as an engineer at Allis Chalmers for about fifteen years, and at age thirty-nine decided to study law, enrolling in Marquette University. Keith and I were nine and twelve at that time. Mom went to work and Dad commuted to Milwaukee daily from Sturtevant for the next three years. Keith and I learned to be quiet. We learned to be really guiet around exam time.

Dad worked construction during the summer for Rudi Madsen. He served as a village clerk in Sturtevant. That was his first government political job, and he graduated from law school in September of 1959.

After graduation the family went as a group to Madison. We all attended a private swearing-in ceremony for Justice Fairchild in the Supreme Court chambers. We were all very proud. We knew how hard he worked to become a member of the Bar.

Dad's first case after hanging out his shingle on the front porch of our house was to try to collect an \$11 bill for the local hardware store. We think his fee was \$2.50 for that case.

Dad always said that a dollar spent on education is never wasted. Keith and I gave him a lot of opportunity to test that theory. He and Mom helped us

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through bachelor's degrees, master's degrees, and doctorates, and at various periods in between when we had no idea what we wanted to do. How they kept up the house payments, car payments, and all the other obligations while simultaneously having one son in medical school and another one in law school is beyond me.

Between the two of us, Keith and I have degrees in fine arts, engineering, business, medicine, and law.

in fine arts, engineering, business, medicine, and law.

I'm not sure I could have been as patient or

understanding as they were.

Truly, it's not a mystery. They believed in the importance of education. Mom and Dad were only able to help us through these times by sacrifice and by doing without a lot of the finer things that they both enjoyed.

MR. KEITH GERARD: During his career he was a partner in three law firms in his family.

The first firm he joined was Harvey, Weber,
Gerard & Jones. That first firm was notable for two
major contributions to this county. The first, that it
provided two dedicated jurists as the Honorable
Richard G. Harvey and Judge Williams Jones. The second
thing was that it conducted the most outstanding
Christmas parties of any office before or since in the
history of this county.

Second firm was the firm of Weber & Gerard.

It's a pleasure to see Bob Weber here today. It was a happy and prosperous firm and very happy time for my father. Bob Weber and Father worked long days over at 744 Main Street. They were contemporaries, and Bob got dad interested in probably the only hobby that he had was

work.

Finally, at last was Gerard & Gerard. I graduated from law school in 1979 and joined my father with the Main Street office. It was fully a family enterprise. My mother ran the office, and Dad and I went to wherever she sent us to.

in back yard swimming pools. They both shared a lot of

fun and ideas. The rest of the year it was mostly all

I practiced law with my father for ten years. He taught me all the stuff they don't teach you in law school. They don't teach you what to do when a client cries, how to settle a case. How to try cases a lot but not so much how to settle a case, how to behave in the courtroom.

When I went to try my first case, it was sort of like my first day at school. I was five years old.

My father was going somewhere else. He left me standing down here in front of the courthouse, gave me a pat on the back and said, "Give them hell, son," and left me

standing there in front of a very big courthouse.

I was offered a job in Madison to work with the State of Wisconsin, and at that time Dad began to wind down his practice. I'm very, very grateful, our whole family is, to John Foley and Dick Kreul, now Judge Kreul, and Attorney Wes Muckler and several other lawyers in town here who helped my father with some of the larger cases that he had at that time to wind down his practice, gave him a lot of support, advice, made him feel good about wrapping up his career.

During his career Dad's served Racine County in several elected and appointed positions. As was mentioned by Mr. Muratore, he was a member of the Racine County Board of Supervisors, he was Racine County Corporation Counsel, he was the President of this Racine County Bar Association, and he was a Circuit Court Commissioner for the Civil Division.

As a civil division commissioner he did a lot of pretrial conferences, took his duties very seriously.

Dad particularly enjoyed conducting pretrial conferences. He worked hard on trying to resolve cases without having to go to a trial. He had a very positive judicial bedside manner, and he would always start a pretrial conference with the attorneys gathered around and say, "Gentlemen, how can we settle this case." He

was very proud when he could show the judge at the end of the day how many of the cases had indeed been settled out, usually to the benefit of both sides and certainly to the benefit of the very busy judges in this district.

One of dad's favorite duties as a circuit court commissioner was performing wedding ceremonies. He enjoyed meeting people. And in doing these wedding ceremonies, we discovered that you meet all sorts of people. He married people in his office, he married them at their homes, he married them at our home, he married them at parks, he married them at the Lighthouse, off shore on Lake Michigan, and even once in Racine County Jail, where the groom was not allowed to kiss the bride for security reasons.

At a wedding out on the lake they were coming back after the wedding on the boat. And the groom and my father were talking, and the groom asked my dad if he was married. My father replied, "Oh, yes, I've been married for about 40 years now." Dumbfounded, the groom looked at my father and said, "All to the same woman?"

Last, but not least, he was appointed unofficially the griller of steaks at the Annual Bar Association picnic at Johnson Park, a position he shared with Fred Wheeler for many years. Dad wasn't a chef or cook or gourmet, but I think what he truly enjoyed about

all that, having all one hundred members of the Bar and coming to the picnic and talking with just everybody, whether he worked with them, all the people he enjoyed working with so much over the years.

He worked hard all his life, but he knew how to have fun. He enjoyed hosting friends around the pool in the summertime, and he made an absolutely shattering Bloody Mary. To this day I don't know the formula, but it was outstanding.

He was a gentleman in court, and he was respective of the court. He could represent clients vigorously without being offensive or disrespectful.

Several judges mentioned how much they appreciated that.

Dad loved people. He had a great talent for listening to people and understanding their concerns and their worries and their problems. He was able to make them feel more secure, help them to regain their confidence. He understood they had an advocate who believed in them and who believed in their cause.

That talent was at the heart of his dedication as an advocate. Their concerns became his concerns.

Their problems became his problems.

Bill Phillips, an administrative law judge, stopped me outside the county building one day just before I left for Madison, and he said what a pleasure it

had been having my father in a hearing, what a gentleman 1 2 he was. And he stopped for a moment, gauging how I was going to take this, he said, "Do you know your dad is not 3 4 a legal scholar." I said, "Yeah, I think we'd agree on that." And he said, "But no one does a better job of 5 representing a client than your dad does." 6 7 DR. WILLIAM GERARD: This eulogy wouldn't be complete without one of Dad's best known stories. 8 9 His favorite politician was Senator Everett 10 Dirkson. The Senator was known for his gravelly voice, tousled white hair, and theatrical manner. Dirkson was 11 the Illinois Republican minority Senate leader from 1959 12 to the time of his death in 1969. 13 14 It is told in the middle of the night one 15 night, Mrs. Dirkson awakened, hearing a noise downstairs, and woke the senator saying there was a robber in the 16 17 house. The senator, without opening an eye, rolled over and announced, there may be a robber in the house but 18 never in the senate. 19 20 Whenever we have a family celebration, 21 including weddings, graduations, and birthdays, Dad would 22 never miss the opportunity to invoke his favorite 23 Dirkism. He would lift his glass, right to his full 24 height, and give the following toast: "This is indeed a

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joyous occasion."

1	Indeed, the celebration of the life of
2	Mr. Gerard has been a most joyous occasion.
3	Thank you for sharing this time with us.
4	MR. KEITH GERARD: In closing, I'd like to say
5	over the past years Louis R. Gerard had the honor of
6	delivering this sort of memorial address for others of
7	his fellow members of this association, and we are proud
8	today to have had the honor of doing that very same
9	service for him.
LO	JUDGE SIMANEK: The Court orders the words of
11	Keith and Bill Gerard be spread upon the record of the
12	Racine County Circuit Court.
13	MR. MURATORE: I'll ask now that Judge Simanek
L 4	give the tribute for Dexter Black.
15	JUDGE SIMANEK: Relatives and friends of Dexter
16	Black, members of the Racine County Bar Association,
1.7	ladies and gentlemen:
18	I have the distinct honor of reading the eulogy
19	prepared for Dexter Black by Harley Brown and the eulogy
20	prepared by Judge Dennis Barry, neither of whom are able
21	to be here today.
22	Harley Brown writes, "One of the best tributes
23	I can pay to Dexter is he was one hell of a good lawyer.
24	This comes from one who practiced mostly with him for
25	thirty-two years. Law partnerships are usually

transitory, but Dexter and I had no written partnership agreement, shared everything 50/50, and the relationship continued from 1960 to his untimely death in 1992. So I know whereof I speak when I say he was one hell of a good lawyer in every aspect of his chosen profession.

"Dexter had tremendous communication skills, whether he was advising a client, interviewing a witness, persuading a jury, or making an argument to the Court. He had a wide range of experience in criminal law, civil cases, administrative matters, and business law. He was a good legal scholar, a hard worker, and devoted to his client's cause. He was truly a professional.

"Being a good lawyer is a great tribute to which we all aspire, but Dexter is entitled to other tributes as well. He was also a successful banker. He was one of the founders and organizers of the Bank of Elmwood. He served that bank in both local and state matters for about thirty years.

"Furthermore, Dexter served Carthage College with great distinction. He joined the Carthage Board of Trustees in 1961 and was a valuable resource in the relocation effort of the college. In addition to his fourteen years as chairman of the board, Dexter served as secretary and first vice president. He played a pivotal role in two major fund-raising efforts, and his counsel

had a significant role in the approval of the five-year 1 2 strategic plan for the college. He also oversaw the 3 search that brought the school's present president, F. Gregory Campbell, to the school in 1987 from the 4 University of Chicago. 5 "During World War II, Dexter was in the Air 6 7 Force as a tail gunner on B-17s. He served with great distinction in the European Theater of the war. "Dexter D. Black was born in Racine on 9 March 10, 1926. He spent his entire early life in Racine 10 and was educated at the University of Wisconsin and then 11 Marquette Law School. He married Nancy L. Johnson in 12 1953. He was a resident of the Racine and Burlington 13 areas for the past thirty years. He also was the 14 district attorney for Racine for six years. 15 16 "He was a member of Atonement Lutheran Church in Racine and Cross Lutheran Church in Burlington. 17 was a member of the State Bar Association and the 18 American Association of Trial Lawyers, chairman of the 19 20 board for Lincoln Lutheran Home in Racine. He was on the board of directors at the Bank of Elmwood and the Racine 21 22 Humane Society, and many other organizations. 23 "He is survived by his wife, Nancy L. Black;

24 two daughters and sons-in-law, Monty Ann, married to
25 Thomas Bolfert, Molly Jean, married to Richard Treiber;

two granddaughters, Julia Marie and Tiffany Anne Treiber; one sister, Nancy, married to James Kark; sister-in-law, Phyllis Slaasted; one brother-in-law, Martin Pingle; and nieces and nephews.

"Dexter left a host of friends in all of the many activities in which he was engaged. He was a quality person who will be remembered, admired, and missed by his many colleagues, his friends, and especially by his family."

Judge Dennis Barry then writes, "I would like to add a couple of memories I have of Dexter. As noted, he was a member of the Atonement Lutheran Church in Racine and taught Sunday school there many years ago. I was one of his students. That was also during the time he was District Attorney for Racine County.

"One of my most vivid childhood memories is when Dexter took our Sunday school class on a tour of the Racine County Courthouse. I was awestruck. Dexter showed us the District Attorney's Office, some of the beautiful wood paneled courtrooms, the sheriff's department, including the jail, which was located there at the time, as well as the panoramic view of Racine which could be seen from the very top of the courthouse.

"I often commented to Dexter in later years that that particular courthouse tour left a much larger

impression than he ever might have imagined.

"I also remember Dexter as a frience."

"I also remember Dexter as a friend of my dad's. They were on the church council together, fished together, and socialized together. As a kid I always remember Dexter's kind and gentle manner. Years later, as I observed him as a practicing attorney, I still admired the same soft-spoken demeanor that could very effectively and persuasively make whatever point he wished to make.

"I share the thoughts expressed by Harley
Brown's excellent memorial to Dexter Black, and I ask
that these words be spread upon the records of the Racine
County Circuit Court."

And so ordered.

MR. MURATORE: Thank you, Judge Simanek.

I now would like to introduce to you Attorney
Patrick M. Lloyd of Burlington, Wisconsin, who will give
the memorial tribute for Thomas Corbett.

MR. LLOYD: Your Honor, members of the bench, members of the Bar, friends and families of the judges and attorneys we are memorializing today, Judge Thomas Corbett died on May 10, 1995, in the Veteran's Home in King, Wisconsin, at the age of 80.

Thomas Patrick Corbett was born in Marinette,
Wisconsin, September 15, 1914, the youngest child born to

William J. and Georgine Allen Corbett. Tom Corbett and his family moved to Racine in 1918. He graduated from St. Rose Catholic Grade School here in Racine and St. Catherine's High School. He then attended Marquette University and received his bachelor's degree there and graduated from the law school of Marquette in 1939. The following year Tom was elected to the Assembly of the State of Wisconsin and served there in 1941, 1942, until he entered the service.

Tom Corbett married the former Lucille Tarro on September 16, 1942, in St. Rose Catholic Church in Racine. His wife was commonly known to many of us as Terry. They have two children, Tom, who now resides in Van Buren, Missouri, and Patti, who now resides in Bellevue, Nebraska. Tom and Terry were blessed with three grandchildren.

Tom served his country as a lieutenant in the Navy from 1943 until 1945. When he was discharged from the Navy in 1945, he practiced law in Racine until 1949. He was then appointed City Attorney by the City Council of Racine, and he was unanimously reappointed for three additional terms and thus served as the City Attorney of the City of Racine for thirteen years.

When the court system for Racine County was reorganized in 1961 and two additional county judgeships

or positions were added, Tom and Judge John Ahlgrimm were elected to fill those two positions. Tom was most incremental in establishing the court in the City of Burlington to serve the people west of the "I," and that court system has continued to expand since that time for the services of the citizens of the western end of the county.

Tom very much enjoyed being present in the court in Burlington. When the court system was again reorganized and the county judgeship positions eliminated and we had all circuit judges, Tom was elected as a circuit judge and continued to serve as circuit judge in Racine County until 1980. Judge Corbett organized the Family Court Advisory Board and was an active officer on the State Board of Criminal Judges.

Judge Corbett was a comforting figure on the bench, made witnesses feel at ease, and had a great concern for jurors and other participants in the court system. I think he made everybody feel comfortable.

At the time of Judge Corbett's death, the

Racine Journal Times quoted one veteran Racine attorney

commenting on Judge Corbett's retirement. "He was as

fair as any person could be. That was one of his

greatest qualities. He always did what he thought was

right. Fairness was an obsession with him." And I think

most of us who practiced before Judge Corbett can personally vouch for that assessment.

Following his retirement as circuit judge in Racine County, Tom served as a reserve judge both in this area and in the area of Waushara County. Tom and his wife purchased a home in Wild Rose, Wisconsin, after his retirement but continued to have his main residence here in Racine until 1987 when they made their permanent residence in Wild Rose.

Thomas a past commander of the VFW Post in Racine, Post 1319, and past Grand Knight of the Knights of Columbus Council 697. He was active in the Danish Brotherhood in Racine.

And as I look and we look back at the career of Judge Corbett as city attorney and as county and circuit judge, we find that he spent in public service four decades. He was very dedicated in that period of time to his duties as city attorney, to his profession as an attorney, and to his responsibilities as a judge.

Tom Corbett was a very close friend of mine, and I'm honored to have this day to be here to present this memorial to him.

On behalf of the Racine County Bar Association,

I request this memorial be placed of record of the court

and a copy be made available to his wife, Terry.

Thank you very much. 1 2 JUDGE SIMANEK: So ordered. MR. MURATORE: Thank you, Pat. 3 I now wish to introduce to you Attorney James 4 J. Fetek, who will give the memorial tribute to Judge 5 Francis H. Wendt. 6 MR. FETEK: Judge Simanek, members of the 7 Racine County judiciary, Mrs. Wendt, members of the Wendt 8 family, Racine County Bar Association members, and 9 10 friends: Francis H. Wendt was born in the Town of 11 Yorkville here in Racine County on March 8, 1899, the son 12 of Frank and Katherine Wendt, an area farm family of 13 seven children. 14 After the completion of high school in 15 16 Milwaukee, Wisconsin, he assisted his father in the 17 operation of the Wendt farm until age 21. He 18 subsequently enrolled in the University of Wisconsin Law School at Madison but was forced to leave school and 19 20 return home to the Racine community in 1925 to assist his 21 father in the operation of the Wendt farm when his father became ill. 22 23 After the cessation of farm operations and the 24 sale of the Wendt farm the following year, he obtained 25 employment as a collector and process server in the

Racine law firm of Simmons, Walker, Wratten & Sporer, a firm that is undoubtedly remembered by a number of you who had been practicing at least some 25 or 30 years, but was a firm located here on 6th Street, Lake, I believe, and 6th Street, and at that time had among its clients many of the early Racine industries.

The late Charles Wratten, who was a member of the firm, a firm partner, realized the ability and intellect of Francis Wendt and urged him to continue the study of law at the law firm for preparation for the taking of the Wisconsin State Bar exam, which at that time was given semiannually and could be taken regardless of whether one completed law school.

The firm had a very large law library which was made available for his use and study during the next several years while still employed by the firm.

In 1929 Francis Wendt took and passed the Wisconsin State Bar exam on his very first attempt without ever having completed law school.

Upon securing his license to practice law, he opened an office for the general practice of law in 1929 at the former Baker Building, located east and across the street from Monument Square here in Racine. He practiced and maintained his practice in the general practice of law until his election as a county court judge in 1956.

Additionally, from 1930 through 1956 he served as a Racine County court commissioner.

The year in which he commenced his practic

The year in which he commenced his practice of law, 1929, coincided with the beginning of the Depression Era, a period of considerable legal work and very little income for attorneys, very little payment for the efforts of an attorney.

In 1943 Francis Wendt was elected mayor of the City of Racine, an office which initially he believed to be part time. He was re-elected on two occasions and served until 1949.

Soon after his initial election, then-Mayor Wendt discovered that World War II had made what was to be a part-time office, in fact, full time.

The war had created numerous problems, including an immediate war production industrial expansion, the rationing of gasoline and meat products, utility conservation problems, and a growing labor unrest in the Racine community.

The difficulties of his office as mayor did not cease at the war's end since Racine community found itself in postwar expansion problems.

Mayor Wendt was one who took on a hands-on approach to the community problems.

The accomplishments of his office while mayor

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1 | were many.

An adoption of the comprehensive zone ordinance.

The installation of over 75,000 feet of storm and sanitary sewers, which equates to over fifteen miles.

An expansion of the water distribution system of the city.

The extension of natural gas to the City of Racine from the State of Illinois.

The establishment of the University of
Wisconsin-Racine, a two-year college formerly located in
the McMynn Building, which ultimately, together with the
Kenosha extension division, became Parkside College,
University of Wisconsin-Parkside as we know it.

And the establishment of a city youth council, which was instrumental in expanding recreational activities in the area.

In 1949, at the expiration of his third term, he returned to full-time law practice until his election as a county judge for Racine County, where he served continuously until 1969 when he retired at age 70. The county court to which Judge Wendt was elected was the probate court for Racine County. It was then one of three record branch courts, the other two being the

circuit court, which was presided over by Judge Goodland,
and the municipal court, which was then presided over by
Judge DuRocher.

Judge Wendt was considered a practical, common-sense judge whose office and time was available to everyone, lawyers and the community alike.

It was during his tenure in office that Judge Wendt expanded his interest in the problems of the mentally ill, a group that he often referred to as the "forgotten people."

In 1957 he was instrumental in the organization of the Racine County Mental Health Organization or Association. In 1963 he drafted a manual for hospitalization procedures for the mentally ill, a manual which was used in the State of Wisconsin by many attorneys and judges for many years.

During 1969 and 1970 he served as Racine County
Public Administrator, which was a part-time position
representing the Wisconsin Department of Revenue in
inheritance tax matters and also administering the
estates of decedents who had unknown heirs.

Until his retirement at age 81, Judge Wendt also served as an active reserve judge in the State of Wisconsin in ten different counties, primarily in Waukesha County.

1	The organizations to which Judge Wendt belonged
2	or with which he actively served were numerous and
3	included the following:
4	The Racine County Bar Association, of which he
5	was a past president.
6	The American and Wisconsin Bar Associations.
7	The Wisconsin State Judicial Ethics Committee.
8	The State Advisory Committee on the Mental
9	Health Act.
10	The State Board of Professional
11	Responsibility.
12	The Racine City Library Board, of which he also
13	served as a former president.
14	The Racine Council on Alcoholism, of which he
15	was an organizer.
16	The Board of Trustees of the Racine County
17	Institutions.
18	The St. Luke's Hospital Board of Trustees.
19	The Salvation Army Advisory Board here in
20	Racine.
21	The Racine Community Chest Board of Directors.
22	The Wisconsin and Racine Historical Societies.
23	The Racine County Boy Scouts Council.
24	The Wisconsin Republican Party State Central
25	Committee.

1	The Theresa and Elizabeth Home, a retirement
2	home for the elderly here in Racine.
3	The Wisconsin Association of County
4	Institutions, of which he was a vice president from 1955
5	to 1956.
6	The Racine County Mental Health Organization or
7	Association, of which he was the primary organizer.
8	The Wisconsin Mental Health Association, of
9	which he was an executive board member from 1960 through
10	1965.
11	The Racine YMCA.
12	The Racine Optimist Club.
13	The Racine Rotary Club.
14	The Masonic Order and related Shriner
15	organizations.
16	The First Church Christ, Scientist at Racine,
17	Wisconsin.
18	The civic activities of Francis Wendt resulted
19	in a 1946 listing in Who's Who In America, the 1958 VFW
20	Man of the Year civic service award, and in 1958 a
21	designation by the Racine County Mental Health
22	Association as the Mental Health Citizen of the Year.
23	Judge Wendt and his wife, Della, who's present
24	here today and an active Racine area community leader,
25	were firm believers in the necessity of education, which

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1	is evidenced by the fact that their son John received a
2	Ph.D. in nuclear engineering from the University of
3	Wisconsin-Madison and their son Richard received a Ph.D.
4	in chemistry from the same university.
5	Francis Wendt was a person who lived a full and
6	rewarding life. His dedication and service to the Racine
7	community, in my opinion, will be virtually impossible to
8	match.
9	Judge Wendt passed away at Racine, Wisconsin,
10	on August 22, 1994, at an alert age of 95.
11	He is survived by his wife of 59 years, Della
12	Wendt; a son, John F. Wendt, presently the director of
13	Von Karmen Institute at Brussels, Belgium; a son, Richard
14	H. Wendt, presently a research director with the Proctor
15	& Gamble Company in Cincinnati, Ohio; five grandchildren
16	and four great-grandchildren.
17	May it please the Court, I would ask that these
18	comments be spread upon the permanent records of the
19	circuit court.
20	JUDGE SIMANEK: So ordered.
21	Mr. Muratore, the president of the Bar
22	Association, will have some closing comments.
23	Mr. Muratore.
24	MR. MURATORE: Thank you, Your Honor. Thank
25	you.

In closing, I would like to say to you that it's not a small coincidence that 33 delegates of the 55 delegates at the original constitutional convention, which was held in Philadelphia in May of 1787, were lawyers.

Those lawyers at that time played a substantial role in the formation, the formulating of the Constitution of the United States and also conditioned their approval of that Constitution on the basis that certain specific individual rights would be added to the Constitution at a later time, and we've come to know those amendments of the Constitution that were added at their insistence as the Bill of Rights. We've come to cherish the contents of the Bill of Rights, and sometimes we have taken for granted the effect that they have had in preserving our lives in America the way that they are.

Thomas Jefferson, a lawyer and author of the Declaration of Independence and the third president of the United States, in his inaugural address, which he gave in March of 1801, expressed his concern that the same tyrannical mistakes that were made by the European governments should not be made in America in this new nation.

In his inaugural address he said, and pardon me

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if I quote directly to be accurate, a wise and frugal government which shall restrain men from injuring one another which shall leave them otherwise free to regulate their own pursuits of industry and improvement is the sum of good government and is necessary.

Jefferson went on to say, these principles from the bright constellation which has gone before us and guided our steps through an age of revolution and reformation must be preserved, and he referred to them specifically. Equal and exact justice to all men of whatever state or persuasion, religious or political, freedom of religion, freedom of the press, freedom of a person under the protection of habeas corpus and the trial by jurors impartially selected. They should be the creed of our political faith.

Jefferson said, the text of civil instruction, the touchstone by which we judge the services of those we trust and should we wander from them, let us hasten to retrace our steps and redeem the road which leads to peace, liberty, and safety.

During their lives, the lawyers who we paid tribute to here today in one way or another promoted and supported the principles that Jefferson made reference to. We are proud of those lawyers for that.

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In closing, I wish to thank all of you for

MEMORIAL SERVICE 3-22-96

1	attending and being a part of this memorial tribute.	
2	Thank you.	
3	JUDGE SIMANEK: Thank you, Mr. Muratore.	
4	I also wish on behalf of all judges of Racine	
5	County to thank you for attending and paying tribute to	
6	those who have gone before us. Thank you very much.	
7	Court now stands adjourned.	
8	(The memorial service concluded at 11:57 a.m.)	
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MEMORIAL SERVICE 3-22-96

1	STATE OF WISCONSIN)
2	COUNTY OF RACINE)
3	
4	I, ROBIN G. HARMSEN, RPR, Official Circuit Court
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that I reported the foregoing
6	matter and that the foregoing transcript, reduced to
7	typewriting by computer-aided transcription, consisting
8	of 31 pages inclusive, is a true and correct transcript
9	of the proceedings had as contained in my stenographic
10	notes.
11	Dated at Racine, Wisconsin, this 3rd day of May,
12	1996.
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20	The foregoing certification of this transcript
21	does not apply to any reproduction of the same by any
22	means without an original ink signature of the certifying
23	reporter.
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